1) While sitting on the edge of a bed, a client loses consciousness and experiences a generalized tonic-clonic seizure. Which actions should be taken by a nurse who witnesses the seizure? Select all that apply.

1. Guide the client’s body to lie in bed, turn the client to the side, and remove objects in the area that could injure the client.
2. Quickly place a padded tongue blade between the client’s teeth to prevent tongue laceration.
3. Apply restraints loosely to all four extremities to prevent injury to the client or others.
4. Ascertain if suction equipment is available and request it if it is not in the room.
5. Note the time the seizure started and the progression of events included in the seizure.

2) A client puts on the call light and a nurse finds the client lying in bed, dyspneic, and tachypneic. Which should be the initial actions by the nurse? Select all that apply.

1. Summon other nursing personnel for assistance.
2. Use a resuscitation bag to assist the client’s breathing.
3. Assess airway patency.
4. Raise the head of the bed to high Fowler’s position.
5. Monitor vital signs and oxygen saturation level.
6. Apply oxygen at 2–3 L per nasal cannula.

3) A client is at risk for falls related to left-sided weakness. Which nursing interventions should a nurse include when developing a plan of care for the client? Select all that apply.

1. Implement fall precautions such as activating the client’s bed alarm.
2. Make hourly rounds to the client to determine needs.
3. Offer copious liquids throughout the day and evening shifts.
4. Assist the client to the toilet every 2 hours.
5. Stand on the client’s right side when assisting with ambulation.